# EXHIBIT N

## **Andrew Curran**

From:

Kaounis, Angelique [AKaounis@gibsondunn.com]

Sent:

Friday, August 24, 2007 6:16 PM

To:

Katherine Weall

Cc:

Raines, Eric; Ryan C. Kirkpatrick

Subject:

August242007LettertoCounsel.pdf

Attachments: August242007LettertoCounsel.pdf

## Katherine,

Attached please find HP's response meet and confer letter to IBM's suggested comments to the Protective Order agreement. Please let me know if you have any questions.

Thanks very much, Angelique

<<August242007LettertoCounsel.pdf>>

"MMS <Gibsondunn.net>" made the following annotations.

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# GIBSON. DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP

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### VIA EMAIL/PDF AND US MAIL

Katherine Weall, Esq.
Quinn Emanuel Urquhart
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51 Madison Avenue, 22nd Floor
New York, NY 10010

IBM v. PSI: Meet and confer re third party subpoenas to HP

Dear Katherine:

Re:

We have carefully considered your client's proposed revisions to the July 27 letter agreement I sent you and write to meet and confer on those suggested revisions.

As an initial matter, I was surprised to see IBM's proposal to allow four (4) in-house IBM attorneys the opportunity to view HP's confidential and sensitive materials, since, as we have explained since April of this year, HP cannot agree to allow in-house IBM attorneys to review material that is designated confidential and/or proprietary. Moreover, your letter of July 17 indicated that you agreed in principal to this, as did Mr. Erwine in our telephone conversation of July 5. While I understand that the details of the agreement were subject to your client's final approval, this is something that HP has made you aware of since before IBM issued the subpoena. Now, after HP has expended significant time and resources collecting approximately 20,000 pages of material in response to IBM's subpoena, it appears that IBM is taking the position that it would like to give its in-house attorneys access to HP's most sensitive materials. As you are aware, IBM, PSI, and HP compete in several different areas. HP places great value on being able to keep its strategic, proprietary and customer information confidential. The subpoena issued by IBM calls for documents containing highly confidential and sensitive information belonging not only to HP,' but also to other non-party entities that deal with IBM on a regular basis. Because of this, HP has consistently maintained that the employees of IBM and PSI, including in-house counsel, not be allowed access to this information.

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Katherine Weall, Esq. August 24, 2007 Page 2

Further, HP respectfully declines the offer to subject itself to the jurisdiction of the District Court of the Southern District of New York. The subpoena that IBM served upon HP was issued by the District Court for the Northern District of California, where HP's Motion to Modify that subpoena (and for a Protective Order), is currently pending. Thus, there does not appear to be a dispute as to which Court has jurisdiction over the production and protection of HP materials in this case.

Regarding the production of certain electronic materials, as I explained in my email of July 26, HP is going to produce single page .TIFF images with an Opticon log and iPRO lfp cross reference files. In that same email, I explained that my document processing vendor said this is standard protocol, and I expressly asked you to let me know (by COB the next day, Friday, July 27), if this type of production was not compatible with your document review systems. Though you responded to my letter, you made no objection to the production in the stated format. Given this, I am unsure as to why IBM's current proposal redacted our language clarifying that HP would produce in the .TIFF format.

Finally, as to the suggestion to shorten the timeframe for HP to seek, if necessary, an order precluding the introduction of protected documents, HP cannot agree to this proposal. We understand the occasional need to file materials with the Court on short notice, and will work with you to address any urgent needs that arise in that regard. However, as a blanket rule, in order to most effectively protect the interests of HP's information, HP believes it would need 10 days to seek protection, if necessary, of the materials it produces in this matter.

As I mentioned earlier, HP has undertaken great expense to collect, review and process over 20,000 pages of material for production. Our hope is that if IBM joins PSI in signing the July 27 letter agreement, IBM's outside counsel will be able to review the documents sooner rather than later and without the added expense of additional motion practice. Please let me know if you would like to discuss these matters further.

Very truly yours,

Angelique Kaounis

AK/jt

cc: Eric Raines, Esq.

Ryan C. Kirkpatrick, Esq.